

Design

Login Form

Each room can be dragged around when editing is enabled

The Login Form is a window with a title bar containing a close button (X). The main content area has the title "Login" centered at the top. Below the title, there are two labels: "Username:" and "Password:". Each label is followed by a text input field. The "Username" field contains the text "Username" and the "Password" field contains the text "Password". Below these fields are two buttons: "Login" and "Exit".

The login button takes a regular user to the Building Plan Form and an admin user to the Admin Menu Form

The password text box has a password character to improve security

The exit button closes the program

Tables View Form

When the user selects a defect, the related room is selected on the room table. When a room is selected in the room table, the first defect for that room on the defects table is selected

The Tables View Form is a window with a title bar containing a close button (X). It contains two tables: "Room Table" and "Defects Table".

Room Table:

Room ID	Room Type	Room Desc
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-

Defects Table:

Defect Number	Room ID	Categ
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-

Below the tables are two search controls, each with a magnifying glass icon and the text "Search".

Below the search controls are two sets of radio buttons for filtering:

- Room ID (unselected)
- Room Type (selected)
- Room Desc (unselected)

Below the filtering controls is a search button with a magnifying glass icon and the text "Search".

At the bottom of the form are two buttons: "Enable Editing" and "Close".

The two tables will be relational and linked by the "Room ID" field. The Room ID field is the primary key for the room table and the foreign key for the defects table

Controls for sorting and filtering

This button is only visible and enabled when the user is on an admin account

Filtering is applied as the user enters information, removing the need for an extra button

Building Plan Form

Information about the currently selected room is displayed here

Buttons for adding and viewing defects or printing a report

The button is only visible and enabled to admin users and shows the controls in the box which allow the user to edit the building plan

Building Plan

Room ID:
Category:
Priority:
Number of Defects:

Size X:

Size Y:

Location X:

Location Y:

A1	A2	A3
----	----	----

B1	B1	B1
----	----	----

Example of 6 rooms in the building plan

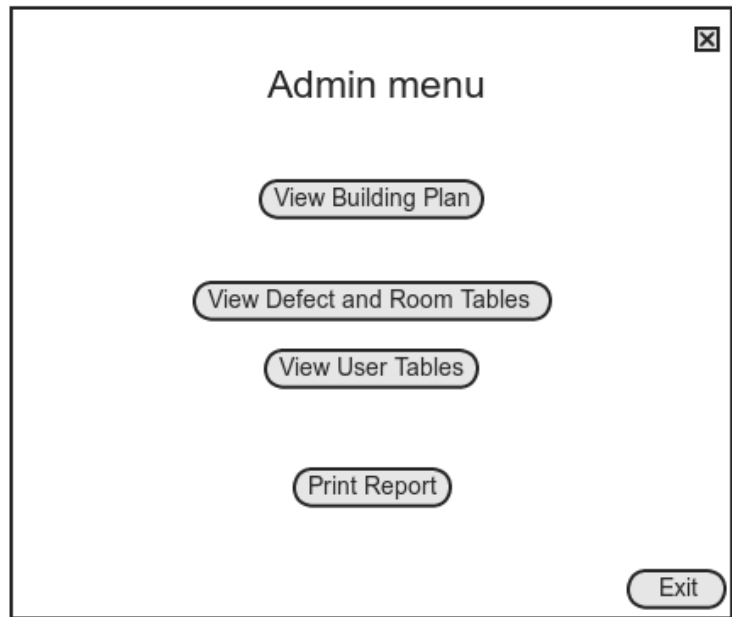
This area is used to display the building plan

Admin Menu Form

This is the form the user is first brought to after logging into an admin account.

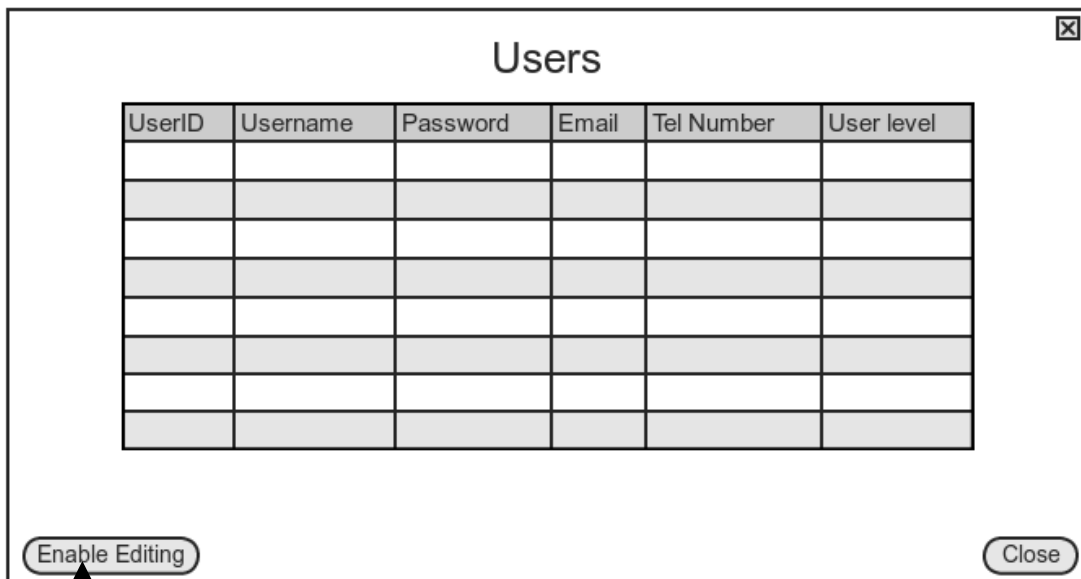
It allows access to all the forms including access to the user table to add or edit user records.

When on other forms, when logged in as an admin, the "enable editing" buttons will be visible and enabled



The Admin menu form is a window titled "Admin menu" with a close button in the top right corner. It contains five buttons arranged vertically: "View Building Plan", "View Defect and Room Tables", "View User Tables", "Print Report", and "Exit" in the bottom right corner.

User Table Form



The User Table Form is a window titled "Users" with a close button in the top right corner. It contains a table with the following columns: UserID, Username, Password, Email, Tel Number, and User level. The table has 10 rows, with the first row being the header and the remaining 9 rows being empty. Below the table is an "Enable Editing" button and a "Close" button in the bottom right corner.

UserID	Username	Password	Email	Tel Number	User level

Button to enable the editing of records

The only way to access this page is through the admin menu

Files and data structures

I will be using three relational tables. RoomTable, DefectTable and UserTable. The DefectTable will be the parent of both the RoomTable and the UserTable.

Room Table

Field Name	Data type	Description	Length	Example
(Primary Key) Room ID	String	A unique ID for each room. Will typically be the name/ number of the room	25	"E44" or "Connel Room"
Room Type	String	The type of room	30	"Bedroom", "Lab", "Office"
Room Description	String	A description of the room for further identifying qualities.	150	"The fourth room on the right with the large red doors"

Defect Table

Field Name	Data type	Description	Length	Example
(Primary Key) Defect number	Integer	A unique, auto incrementing integer for	8	1, 2, 3 etc.
(Foreign Key) Room ID	String	The ID of the room the defect is for	25	"E44" or "Connel Room"
Type	String	The type of defect the defect is	15	"Building Works", "FFE"
Priority	String	The priority of the defect	8	"Critical", "Urgent", "High", "Normal", "Low"
Description	String	A description as to what the defect is	100	"Light does not work", "Window is cracked"
Date found	Date	The date the defect was found	15	"12/11/13"
Date resolved	Date	The date the defect was resolved	15	"17/12/13"
(Foreign Key) UserID	String	The username of the user who added the defect	20	"RJones"

User Table

Field Name	Data type	Description	Length	Example
(Primary Key) UserID	String	A unique id for each user	20	"RJones"
Password	String	The password for the user to login with	25	"GreenRadiatorCamel"
Email	String	The email address of the user	40	"RJones@company.com"
Tel Number	String	The telephone number of the user	11	"01436268874"
User Level	String	The Level of the user	5	"User", "Admin"

A JSON file will also be used. It will store 5 pieces of information: name, locationX, location, SizeX, SizeY and penColor.

Below is an example of data stored in the JSON file:

```
{
  "name": "E1",
  "locationX": 27,
  "locationY": 250,
  "sizeX": 200,
  "sizeY": 200,
  "penColor": "default"
},
```

The data from the JSON file is then deserialised into a list of a custom class objects with these properties:

Variable name	Data type
Name	String
location	Integer
location	Integer
SizeX	Integer
SizeY	Integer
penColor	Integer

So the structure of the list is such:

```
rectangleList[
  [0]
  rectangle[
    name
    locationX
    locationY
    SizeX
    SizeY
    penColor
  ]
  [1]
  rectangle[
    name
    locationX
    locationY
    SizeX
    SizeY
    penColor
  ]
]
```

The name of the class is “rectangle”

The name of the list is “rectangleList”

List for Combo Boxes – Implemented as arrays

On the “Add New Defect” form, there are two combo boxes used for input. The data structures behind these boxes are as follows:

defectTypeComboBox:

- “Building Works”
- “FFE”
- “M and E”

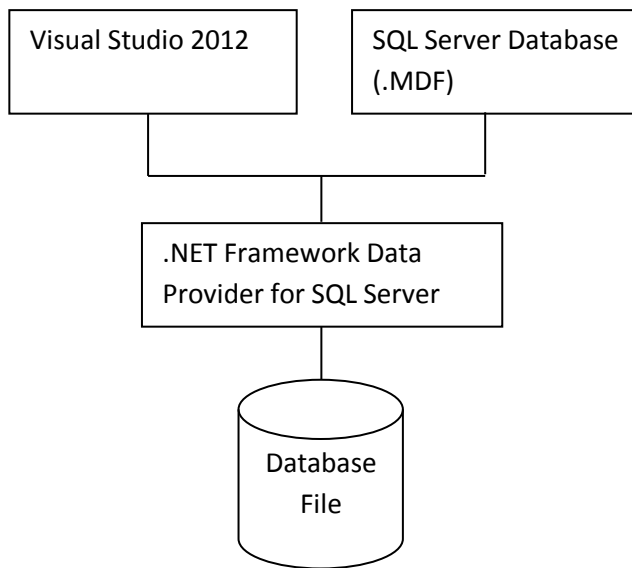
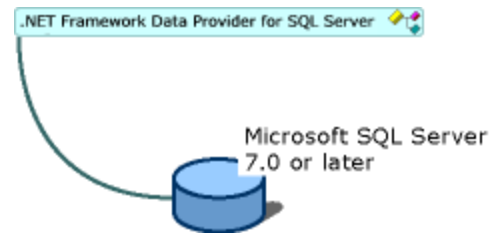
priorityComboBox:

- “Critical”
- “Urgent”
- “High”
- “Normal”
- “Low”

Methods of access

I will be using an SQL Server Express database which allows for the database to be accessed across a network which will be important for my solution. The DBMS I will be using is the “.NET Framework Data Provider for SQL Server” The DBMS will assist with manipulating data in the database by providing methods for adding and editing data as well as preventing database corruption and errors. It also simplifies the otherwise complex tasks involved in connecting to the database.

The file access I will be using will be indexed sequential. This will allow the location of a file through checking each record but will also allow the location of records using indexes, speeding up access times. This will be used for all three tables – RoomTable, DefectTable and UserTable- as sorting and filtering will be useful for all tables as there will be a large number of records to sort and filter through.



Validation

For validating data entered into the system, I will use regular expressions(Regex). A regular expression is a text string for describing a search pattern. I will check entered data against the regular expression containing the desired format for the entered data. If the data matches the regular expression then the data is validated.

Size and Position of rooms on the building plan

I will use a regular expression to make sure the entered data is a number. An example of the Regex I will use is this: (^d\$)

```
IF(data IS number) THEN
    throw error
ENDIF
```

New defect form

A presence check will be performed on each data entry control to make sure data has been entered or selected for each. The presence check will check to see if there is at least one character (excluding spaces) entered in the field.

```
If(data IS all white space OR IS empty) THEN
    throw error
ENDIF
```

For the date entry, I will use a date picker which limits the user to entering only real dates, providing a form of validation.

There is a textbox for entering a description for the defect. I will not apply validation other than the presence check to the textbox as the description is allowed to be anything, but there must be a description.

All other data entries for adding a new defect are done by the use of dropdown lists which limit the user to entering certain values.

New Room Form

I will check that there is data entered in each textbox not including whitespaces. I will trim the contents of the textbox which ignores whitespaces and if this results in the textbox being empty then there was no data in the textbox

New User Form

I will use two Regular Expressions, one for phone numbers and one for email addresses. These regexes will only match with data that is a valid phone number or a valid email

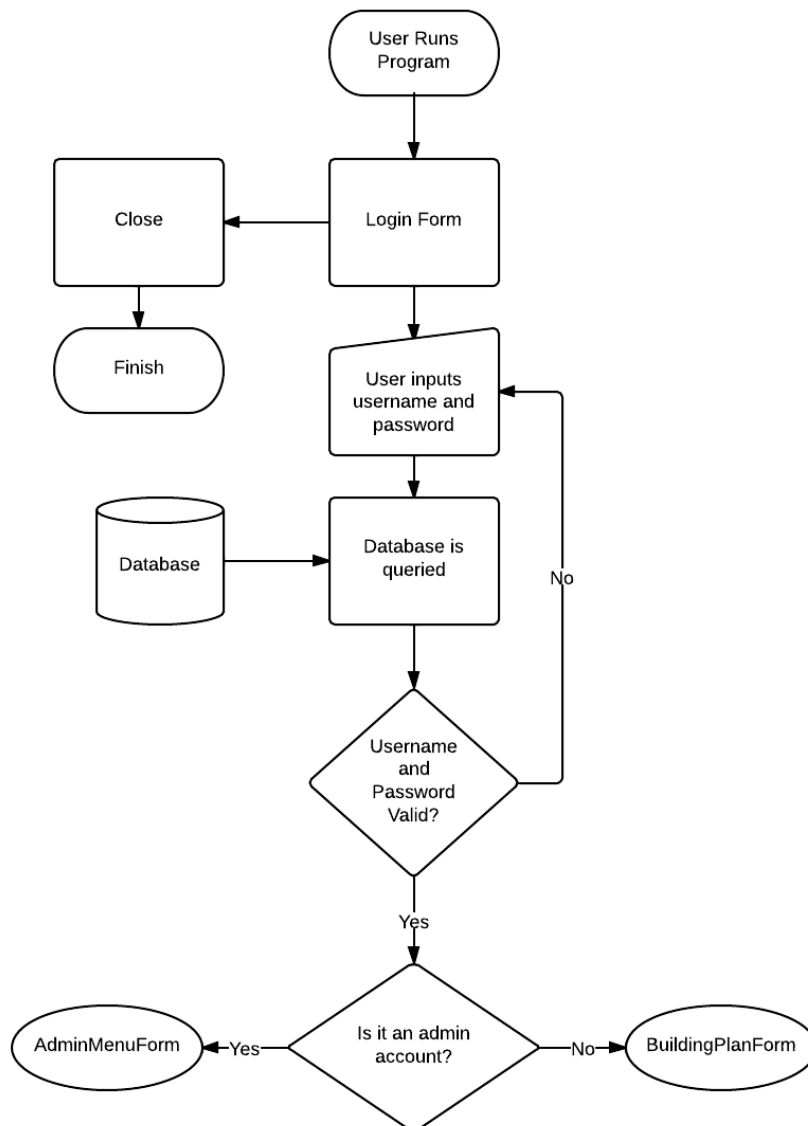
Filtering on Table View Forms

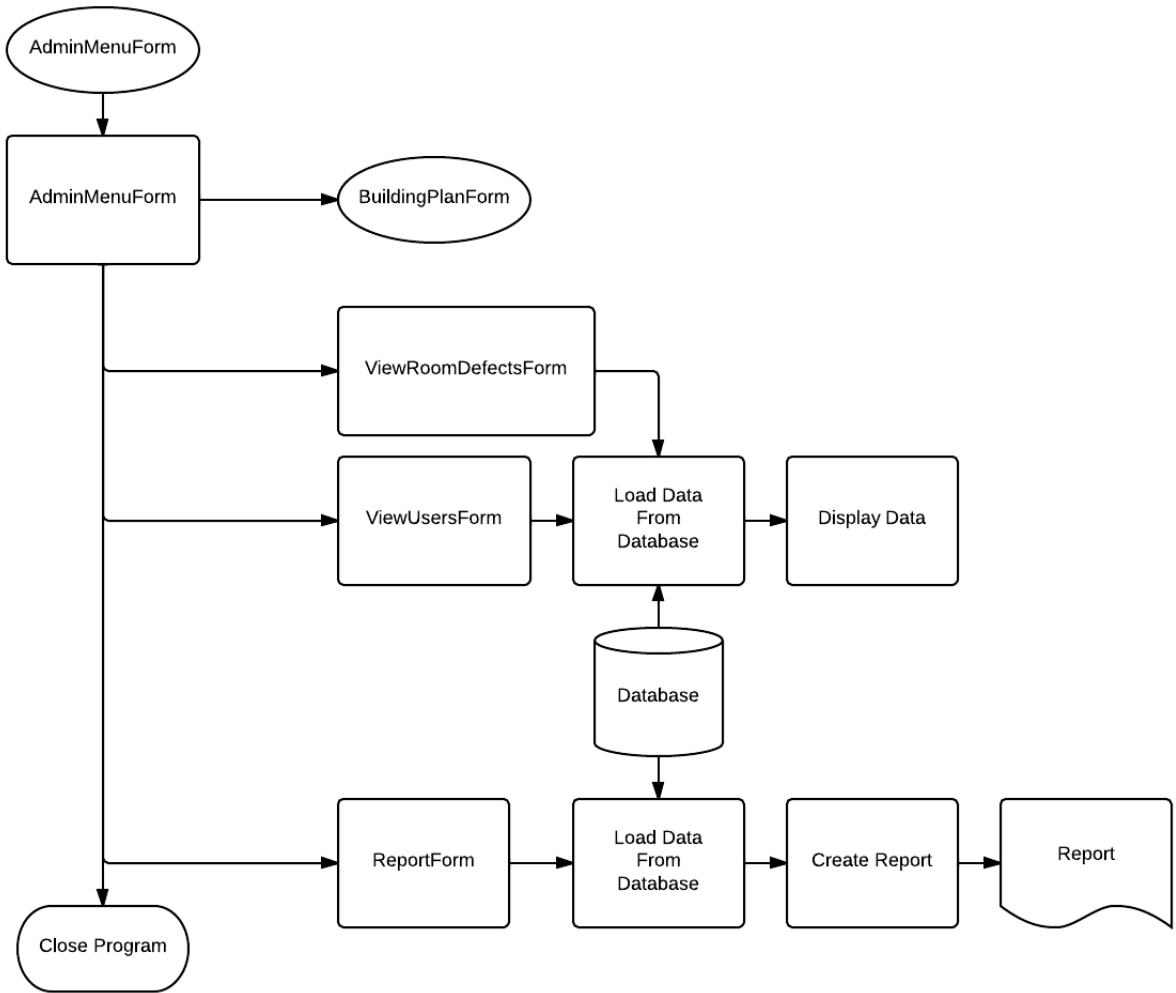
Validation will be applied to the textbox where the filter data is typed dependant on which field has been selected to be filtered by. If the field is a number-only field, I will validate to make sure the entered data contains only numbers else this can cause a runtime error.

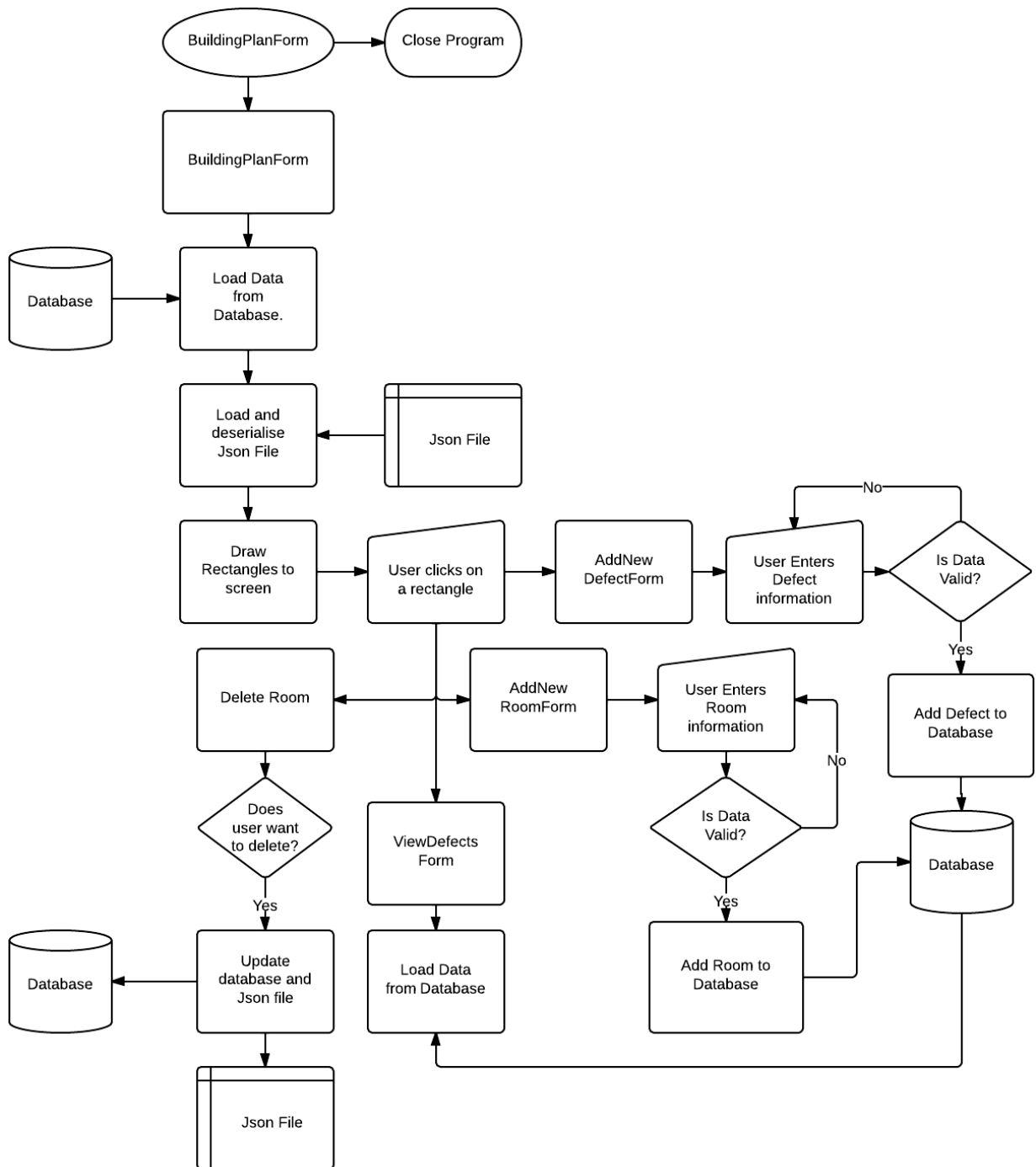
```
IF(field IS number only field AND data NOT number) THEN
    throw error
ENDIF
```

Processing Stages

System Flowchart







Pseudocode

Login Form

Procedure LoginFormLoad

Boolean filesFound = false

CREATE Regular Expression called pathRegex to match with text that contains "rectanglesOut.json"

FOREACH String in Global path variable

 CREATE variable currentString of type String = currentString from Foreach

 IF pathRegex matches with currentString THEN

 Global variable JSONPath = currentString

 filesFound = true

```

        ENDIF
    END FOREACH
    IF !filesFound THEN
        SHOW MessageBox stating the file could not be found and asking if the user wants to generate one
        IF MessageBox result = yes THEN
            CREATE a List of type rectangle called tempRectangles
            Int I = 0
            WHILE I <= number of rows in RoomTable DO
                CREATE a new rectangle with name from current row's RoomID value
                ADD rectangle to tempRectangles
                i++
            END WHILE
            Serialise tempRectangles into JSON and write it to a new JSON File
            SHOW MessageBox stating that the file has been created and that the program will CLOSE
            CLOSE Program
        ENDIF
    ENDIF
END Procedure

```

Procedure LoginButtonClick

```

Variable Row = Find user record from database
IF Password Text Box = Password from Record THEN
    String userlevel = Userlevel from Record
    IF Userlevel from Record = "Admin" THEN
        SHOW AdminMenuForm
        Hide LoginForm
    ENDIF
    IF Userlevel from Record = "User" THEN
        SHOW AdminMenuForm
        Hide LoginForm
    ENDIF
ENDIF
ELSE
    SHOW error message "The username or password was incorrect"
ENDIF

```

END Procedure

Building Plan Form

Procedure BuildingPlanForm

Boolean editingEnabled = false

Class rectangle

```

    String name
    Integer locationX
    Integer locationY
    Integer sizeX
    Integer sizeY
    String penColor

```

END Class

List of type rectangle rectangles

Integer mouseOffsetX

```
Integer mouseOffsetY
String currentRectangleName = ""
CREATE variable numberRegex of type RegularExpression of regular expression "[0-9]+$"
```

Procedure BuildingPlanForm Load

```
IF userlevel IS NOT "admin" THEN
    Hide and disable controls
ENDIF
IF userlevel IS "admin" THEN
    SET controls.enabled = editingEnabled
ENDIF
Disable viewDefectsBtn
Disable newDefectBtn
pictureBox1.WaitToLoadImage = true
CREATE variable sr of type StreamReader with path of rectangle information json file
String rectangleJSON = sr.ReadToEnd
CREATE variable serialiser of type JavaScriptSerialiser
rectangles = serialiser.Deserialise rectangleJSON Into form of List of type rectangles
CLOSE sr
```

END Procedure

Procedure SaveButtonClick

```
FOREACH rectangle in rectangles
    CREATE variable thisrectangle of type rectangle = currentrectangle from Foreach
    thisrectangle.penColor = "default"
END FOREACH
String json = serialise the contents of rectangles
Write json to original json file
```

END Procedure

Procedure timerTick

```
CREATE graphics object for pictureBox1
CREATE variable defaultPen of type Pen of colour Black and thickness 3.0
CREATE variable defaultPen of type Pen of colour HotPink and thickness 3.0
CREATE variable brush of type Brush of colour Black
CREATE variable font of type Font of font Ariel , size of 13 and style of Bold
```

```
CREATE variable bm of type Bitmap of width pictureBox1.Width and height pictureBox1.Height
```

```
CREATE variable offScreenGraphics of type Graphics fromImage bm
```

```
offScreenGraphics.Clear with colour White
```

```
USING CREATE variable gr of type Graphics fromImage bm
```

```
FOREACH rectangle in rectangles
```

```
    CREATE variable thisRectangle of type rectangle = currentrectangle from Foreach
```

```
    IF thisRectangle.sizeX <= 10 THEN
```

```
        thisRectangle.sizeX = 10
```

```
    ENDIF
```

```
    IF thisRectangle.sizeY <= 10 THEN
```

```
        thisRectangle.sizeY = 10
```

```
    ENDIF
```

```
    IF thisRectangle.penColor == "default" THEN
```

```
        offScreenGraphics.DrawRectangle with values Pen of defaultPen, Position of locationX
```

```
and locationY with Size of sizeX and sizeY from thisRectangle
```

```
        offScreenGraphics.DrawString with values Text of name, Font of font, Brush of brush,
```

```
Location of locationX + (sizeX /2.5) and locationY + (sizeY/2.5)
```

```
    ENDIF
```

```
    IF thisRectangle.penColor == "pink" THEN
```

```
        offScreenGraphics.DrawRectangle with values Pen of selectedPen, Position of locationX
```

```
and locationY with Size of sizeX and sizeY from thisRectangle
```

```

                                offScreenGraphics.DrawString with values Text of name, Font of font, Brush of brush,
                                Location of locationX + (sizeX /2.5) and locationY + (sizeY/2.5)
                                ENDIF
                                END FOREACH

                                END USING
pictureBox1.Image = bm

END Procedure

Procedure pictureBox1MouseDown sender variable e

    Disable viewDefectsBtn
    Disable newDefectBtn
    IF e.Button == Left Mouse Button THEN
        FOREACH rectangle in rectangles
            CREATE variable thisRectangle of type rectangle = currentrectangle from Foreach
            thisRectangle.penColor = "default"
            IF currentRectangleName == "" THEN
                IF e.X >= thisRectangle.locationX AND e.X <= thisRectangle.locationX +thisRectangle.sizeX
                AND e.Y >= thisRectangle.locationY AND e.Y <= thisRectangle.locationY +thisRectangle.sizeY THEN
                    currentRectangleName = thisRectangle.name
                    var row = Find row in RoomTable by Room_ID using the variable
                    currentRectangleName

                    roomIDLabel.Text = row.Room_ID
                    roomTypeLabel.Text = row.Room_Type
                    roomDescLabel.Text = row.Room_Description
                    MyGlobals.selectedRoom = thisRectangle.name;
                    Integer defectNum = 0
                    Integer i = 0
                    WHILE i < number of rows in DefectTable DO
                        IF DefectTable[i].Value == thisRow.Room_ID THEN
                            defectNum++
                        ENDIF
                        i++
                    END WHILE
                    numberDefectsLabel.Text = defectNum
                    mouseOffsetX = e.X – thisRectangle.locationX
                    mouseOffsetY = e.Y – thisRectangle.locationY
                    thisRectangle.penColor = "pink"
                    RectangleWidthBox.Text = thisRectangle.sizeX as type String
                    RectangleHeightBox.Text = thisRectangle.sizeY as type String
                    rectangleLocationBoxX.Text = thisRectangle.locationX as type String
                    rectangleLocationBoxY.Text = thisRectangle.locationY as type String
                    Set viewDefectsBtn to enabled
                    Set newDefectBtn to enabled
                ENDIF
            ELSE
                thisRectangle.penColor = "default"
            ENDELSE
        ENDIF
    ENDIF
END FOREACH

END Procedure

Procedure pictureBox1MouseMove sender variable e

IF e.Button == Left Mouse Button AND editingEnabled != false THEN
    FOREACH rectangle in rectangles

```

```

        CREATE variable thisRectangle of type rectangle = currentrectangle from Foreach
        IF thisRectangle.Name == currentRectangleName THEN
            IF e.X >= thisRectangle.locationX AND e.X <= thisRectangle.locationX +thisRectangle.sizeX AND e.Y
            >= thisRectangle.locationY AND e.Y <= thisRectangle.locationY +thisRectangle.sizeY THEN
                thisRectangle.locationX = e.X – mouseOffsetX
                thisRectangle.locationY = e.Y – mouseOffsetY
                rectangleLocationBoxX.Text = thisRectangle.locationX as type String
                rectangleLocationBoxY.Text = thisRectangle.locationY as type String
            ENDIF
        ENDIF
    END FOREACH
END Procedure

```

Procedure pictureBox1MouseDown

```

        currentRectangleName = ""
        mouseOffsetX = 0
        mouseOffsetY = 0
    END Procedure

```

Procedure rectangleIncrementXClick

```

        FOREACH rectangle in rectangles
            CREATE variable thisRectangle of type rectangle = currentrectangle from Foreach
            IF thisRectangle.penColor == "pink" THEN
                thisRectangle.locationX += 1
                rectangleLocationBoxX.Text = thisRectangle.locationX as type String
            ENDIF
        END Foreach
    END Procedure

```

Repeat code for decrementX but subtract 1 from thisRectangle.locationX

Repeat both increment and decrement code replacing X by Y

Repeat all 4 for size adjustment buttons changing X and Y for Width and Height

Procedure rectangleLocationBoxXKeyPress sender variable e

```

        IF e.KeyChar== Return Key THEN
            FOREACH rectangle in rectangles
                CREATE variable thisRectangle of type rectangle = currentrectangle from Foreach
                IF thisRectangle.penColor == "pink" THEN
                    IF numberRegex.IsMatch with rectangleLocationBoxX.Text THEN
                        thisRectangle.locationX = rectangleLocationBoxX.Text as type Integer
                    ENDIF
                ENDIF
            END FOREACH
        ENDIF
    END Procedure

```

Repeat for BoxYKeyPress changing X to Y

Repeat both changing X and Y to width and height

Procedure editButtonClick

```

        IF editingEnabled == false THEN
            editingEnabled = true
            editControlsGroup.Enabled = editingEnabled
            editBtn.Text = "Disable Editing"
            return
        END IF
    END Procedure

```



```

        ENDIF
        IF editingEnabled == true THEN
            editingEnabled = false
            editingControlsGroup.Enabled = editingEnabled
            editBtn.Text = "Enable Editing"
            Return
        ENDIF
    END Procedure

    Procedure editBtnClick
        IF editingEnabled == false THEN
            editingEnabled = true
            Set enabled state of editControlsGroup to value of editingEnabled
            editBtn.Text = "Disable Editing"
            return
        ENDIF
        IF editingEnabled == true THEN
            editingEnabled = false
            Set enabled state of editControlsGroup to value of editingEnabled
            editBtn.Text = "Enable Editing"
            return
        ENDIF
    END Procedure

    Procedure viewDefectsBtnClick

        Hide buildingPlanForm
        Disable the timer
        SHOW ViewDefectsForm
        SHOW buildingPlanForm
        Enable the timer
    END Procedure

    Procedure newDefectBtnClick

        Hide buildingPlanForm
        Disable the timer
        SHOW NewDefectForm
        SHOW buildingPlanForm
        Enable the timer
        Reload Data from the Tables
    END Procedure

    Procedure buildingPlanFormOnClosing

        Disable the timer
    END Procedure

    Procedure addRoomBtnClick

        Hide buildingPlanForm
        Disable the timer
        SHOW NewRoomForm
        Enable the timer
        Reload Data from the Tables
    END Procedure

    Procedure deleteBtnClick

```

```

IF SHOW Warning MessageBox Result == Yes THEN
    Remove rectangles with name == roomIDLabel
    var row = Find row in RoomTable by Room_ID using roomIDLabel
    Delete row from table
    Update Table in database

    Int i =0
    WHILE i < number of rows in DefectTable DO
        IF Row[i] Cell[1] == roomIDLabel THEN
            Remove Row[i]
        ENDIF
        i++
    END WHILE
    Update Table in database

    FOREACH rectangle in rectangles DO
        CREATE variable thisRectangle of type rectangle = currentrectangle from Foreach
        pencolor of thisRectangle = "default"
    END FOREACH
    String JSON = Serialise rectangles to JSON
    Write JSON to file
    SHOW MessageBox for confirm deletion
    roomIDLabel = ""
    roomDescLabel = ""
    roomTypeLabel = ""
    numberDefectsLabel = ""
ENDIF

```

-----**More goes here?**-----

END Form Procedure

New Defects Form

Procedure NewDefectsForm

Procedure NewDefectsFormLoad

```

Load data from Table
RoomIDLabel.Text = MyGlobals.selectedRoom
Set selected item in DefectTypeBox to first item
Set selected item in PriorityBox to second item
Set max date of Date picker to current date

```

END Procedure

Procedure DescriptionTBoxTextChanged

```

Set back colour of DescriptionTBox to default colour
IF Length of DescriptionTBox >= 90 THEN
    Set back colour of DescriptionTBox to Coral
ENDIF
IF Length of DescriptionTBox == 100 THEN
    Set back colour of DescriptionTBox to OrangeRed
ENDIF

```

END Procedure

Procedure DescriptionTBoxEnter

```
CREATE tooltip object with name TT
Remove all tooltips from screen
SHOW new tooltip with text "Character Limit is 100" on the DescriptionTBox
```

END Procedure

Procedure DescriptionTBoxMouseClicked

```
CREATE tooltip object with name TT
Remove all tooltips from screen
SHOW new tooltip with text "Character Limit is 100" on the DescriptionTBox
```

END Procedure

Procedure DescriptionTBoxLeave

```
Set back colour of DescriptionTBox to default colour
```

END Procedure

Procedure cancelBtnClick

```
SHOW MessageBox with text "Are you sure you want to cancel?" with title "Cancel?" with Yes and No buttons
IF Result of MessageBox is Yes THEN
    CLOSE this Form
```

```
ENDIF
```

END Procedure

Procedure addBtnClick

```
Insert new row into table with values from data entered by user
Update table
SHOW MessageBox with text "New defect has been added" with title "Success" with OK button
CLOSE this Form
```

END Procedure

END Form Procedure

ViewDefectsForm

Procedure ViewDefectsForm

Int SelectedRowIndex

Procedure ViewDefectsFormLoad

```
Load data from Database
Disable ResolveBtn
String filter
String token = selectedRoom
filter = RoomID Like SelectedRoom
DefectTable Filter = filter
```

END Procedure

Procedure CLOSEBtnClick

```
CLOSE form
```

END Procedure

Procedure resolveBtnClick

```
Int i = 0
FOREACH row in DefectTable DO
    CREATE variable thisRow of type Row = currentRow from Foreach
    IF RoomID of thisRow == selectedRoom THEN
```

```

                break
            ENDIF
            i++
        END FOREACH
        Var row = DefectTable Row[selectedRowIndex + i]
        IF isResolved cell value of row == null THEN
            DateTime previousDate = resolveDate
            SHOW ResolveForm
            IF resolveDate != previousDate THEN
                dateResolved Cell of row = resolveDate
                Update DefectTable
                Reload data from Table
            ENDIF
        ENDIF
    END Procedure

```

```

Procedure dataGridViewCellClicked
    Enable resolveBtn
    selectedRowIndex = Index of row that was clicked on
END Procedure
END Form Procedure

```

ResolveForm

```

Procedure ResolveForm
Procedure ResolveFormLoad
    Maxdate of dateTimePicker = current date
END Procedure

```

```

Procedure resolveBtnClick
    resolveDate = dateTimerPicker Value
    CLOSE ResolveForm
END Procedure
END Form Procedure

```

ViewUsersForm

```

Procedure ViewUsersForm
Procedure newUserBtnClick
    HIDE ViewUsersForm
    SHOW NewUserForm
    SHOW ViewUsersForm
    Reload data from Table
END Procedure
END Form Procedure

```

NewUserForm

```

Procedure NewUserForm
CREATE Regular Expression called EmailRegex for that matches with valid emails
CREATE Regular Expression called TelRegex for that matches with valid telephone numbers

Procedure NewUserFormLoad
    DISABLE newUserBtn
    SET selected index of UserLevel combo box to 0
END Procedure
Procedure BookBtnEnable
    IF Length of UserIDBox != 0 AND password1Box == pasword2Box AND Length of password1Box != 0 THEN
        IF Length of EmailBox == 0 AND Length of TelBox == 0

```

```

        OR EmailBox matches EmailRegex AND Length of TelBox == 0
        OR Length of EmailBox == 0 AND TelBox matches TelRegex
        OR EmailBox matches EmailRegex AND TelBox matches TelRegex
        THEN
            ENABLE newUserBtn
            ValidationErrorLabel = ""
        ENDIF
    ELSE
        DISABLE newUserBtn
        ValidationErrorLabel = "One or more fields contain incorrect information"
    ENDELSE
ENDIF

ELSE
    DISABLE newUserBtn
    ValidationErrorLabel = "One or more fields contain incorrect information"
ENDELSE

END Procedure

Procedure ValidateableTextBox_Leave
    IF BackColor of Sender == White OR BackColor of Sender == Green OR Length of text in Sender == 0 THEN
        BackColor of Sender = White
    ENDIF
    ELSE
        BackColor of Sender = OrangeRed
    ENDELSE
    Call BookButtonEnable
END Procedure

Procedure userIDBox_TextChanged
    IF TextLength of Sender != 0 THEN
        BackColor of Sender = Green
    ENDIF
    ELSE
        BackColor of Sender = OrangeRed
    ENDELSE
END Procedure

Procedure password1Box_TextChanged
    IF Text of Sender == password2Box Text THEN
        BackColor of Sender = Green
    ENDIF
    ELSE
        BackColor of Sender = OrangeRed
    ENDELSE

    IF password2Box Text == password1Box Text THEN
        BackColor of password2Box = Green
    ENDIF
    ELSE
        BackColor of password2Box = OrangeRed
    ENDELSE
    Call BookButtonEnable
END Procedure

Procedure cancelbtnClick

```

```

    SHOW MessageBox with text "Are you sure you want to cancel?" with title "Cancel?" with Yes and No buttons
    IF Result of MessageBox is Yes THEN
        CLOSE this Form
    ENDIF
END Procedure

```

Procedure newUserBtnClick

```

    INSERT new Row into UserTable using the values from the controls
    UPDATE Database
    SHOW MessageBox with text "A new user has been added" with title "Success" with OK button
    CLOSE this Form

```

```

END Procedure
END Form Procedure

```

NewRoomForm

Procedure NewRoomForm

CREATE Regular Expression called whiteSpaceRegex for that matches with whitespace only

Procedure AddRoomBtnClick

```

IF RoomTable does not contain Row with RoomID of roomIDBox AND roomIDBox Trimmed Text != "" THEN
    IF roomIDBox Trimmed Text != "" AND roomTypeBox Trimmed Text != "" AND roomDescripBox Trimmed Text
    != "" THEN
        INSERT new Row in RoomTable WITH values roomIDBox, roomTypeBox and roomDescripBox
        CREATE new rectangle WITH
            Name = roomIDBox
            locationX = 0
            locationY = 0
            sizeX = 100
            sizeY = 100
            penColor = "default"
        ADD Rectangle to rectangles
        FOREACH rectangle in rectangles DO
            CREATE variable thisRectangle of type rectangle = currentrectangle from Foreach
            pencolor of thisRectangle = "default"
        END FOREACH
        String JSON = Serialise rectangles to JSON
        Write JSON to file
        SHOW MessageBox with text "New room was successfully added" with title "Success" with OK
    button
        CLOSE this Form
    ENDIF
    ELSE
        SHOW MessageBox with text "Could not add new room. Please check there is data entered in all
        boxes" with title "Error" with OK button
    ENDELSE
    ENDIF
    ELSE
        SHOW MessageBox with text "Could not add new room. Please check there is not already a room with the
        same ID and the RoomID field is not empty" with title "Error" with OK button
    ENDELSE

```

END Procedure

Procedure cancelbtnClick

```
    SHOW MessageBox with text "Are you sure you want to cancel?" with title "Cancel?" with Yes and No buttons
    IF Result of MessageBox is Yes THEN
        CLOSE this Form
    ENDIF
END Procedure
```

Reporting Pseudocode

Procedure PercentageDefects

```
    Int count = 0
    FOR i = 0, I <= TotalRecords, i++ DO
        if Record[i] Resolved == Null THEN
            count++
        ENDIF
    END FOR

    OUTPUT ((count/TotalRecords)*100)
```

END Procedure

Procedure DateFormat

```
    OUTPUT DateField as dateformat dd/mm/yyyy
```

END Procedure

Procedure calculatePriorityDefectsAll

```
    Int count = 0
    FOR i = 0, I <= TotalRecords, i++ DO
        if Record[i] priority is Like "low" THEN
            count++
        ENDIF
    END FOR

    OUTPUT count
```

END Procedure

Procedure SetRowColour

```
    Int count = 0
    FOR i = 0, I <= TotalRecords, i++ DO
        String SetColor = "No Color"
        IF Record[i] priority is Like "Low" THEN
            SetColor = "LightGreen"
        ENDIF
```

This IF statement is repeated for each priority type with SetColor set to a different colour for each different priority

END FOR
OUTPUT SetColor

END Procedure

Evaluation

In evaluating my solution, I will consider three main areas: Usability, Suitability and Performance.

Usability:

I shall use a questionnaire to ascertain how user friendly my solution is and how easy it is to navigate and use by users of various skill levels from both my computing class and from the rest of my school. The questionnaire will contain several questions for which the usability of the system will be rated against from 1-5.

I shall consider the usability of the system to be acceptable if most of the questions get a 4 or 5 rating.

The questionnaire I shall use is below:

Task	1 (Very hard)	2 (Difficult)	3 (Average difficulty)	4 (Easy)	5 (Very easy)
Navigation					
Adding a new Defect					
Viewing a rooms defect					
Resolving a defect					
Adding a Room					
Printing a report					

Suitability:

I will consider the solution suitable if it meets all the aims set out for it. The solution must meet the set requirements of the problem. It must be suitable for use in a professional environment

Performance:

I will run tests on many different aspects of the solution to see whether the program functions as intended and does not break when used. The tests will use normal, extreme, incompatible and non-existent data.

Calculations must be made correctly.

If no major parts of the system fail the testing process or are very simply fixed, I will consider the performance of the system successful.